

## PROFORMA FOR ANNUAL REPORT OF KVKS, 2014-15

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE KVK

1.1. Name and address of KVK with phone, fax and e-mail

Address	Telephone		E mail
Krishi Vigyan Kendra Thoubal, Rice Research Station Wangbal, Thoubal-795138	Office	FAX	kvkthoubal@gmail.com

1.2 .Name and address of host organization with phone, fax and e-mail

Address	Telephone		E mail
	Office	FAX	
Department of Agriculture, Government of Manipur, Sanjenthong Imphal- 795001.	-	-	-

1.3. Name of the Programme Coordinator with phone & mobile No

Name	Telephone / Contact		
	Residence	Mobile	Email
Dr.M.Thoithoi Singh		9856282339	thoithoi_pp@yahoo.co.in

1.4. Year of sanction: 16<sup>th</sup> Nov.,2005

1.5. Staff Position (As on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2015)

Sl. No.	Sanctioned post	Name of the incumbent	Designation	Discipline	Pay Scale (Rs.)	Present basic (Rs.)	Date of joining	Permanent/Temporary	Category (SC/ST/OBC/Others)
1	Programme Coordinator				12,000-375-16,500 (Pre-revised)			Temporary	
2	Subject Matter Specialist	N.Tomba Singh	SMS (Agronomy)	Agronomy	15,600-39100-P.B-3	16,880	25-7-07	-do-	-do-
3	Subject Matter Specialist	Dr.M.Thoithoi Singh	i/c,Programme Coordinator SMS (Plant protection)	Plant protection	15,600-39100-P.B-3	16,880	25-7-07	-do-	-do-
4	Subject Matter Specialist	S.Sumangal Singh	SMS (Plant Breeding & Genetics)	PBG	15,600-39100-P.B-3	16,880	25-7-07	-do-	-do-
5	Subject Matter Specialist	Y.Bedajit Singh	SMS (Fisheries)	Fisheries	15,600-39100-P.B-3	16,880	12-4-07	-do-	-do-
6	Subject Matter Specialist	Dr.S.Zeshmarani	SMS (Animal Sc.)	Animal Science	15,600-39100-P.B-3	16,880	12-4-07	-do-	-do-
7	Subject Matter Specialist	Kh.Premlata Devi	SMS (Horticulture)	Horticulture	15,600-39100-P.B-3	16,880	12-4-07	-do-	SC
8	Programme Assistant	R.K.Lembisana Devi	Prog.Asst.(Home Sc.)	Home Science	9300-34,800-P.B-2	10130	12-4-07	-do-	Gen
9	Computer Programmer	L.Babita Devi	Prog.Asst.(Computer)	Computer	9300-34,800-P.B-2	10130	12-4-07	-do-	-do-

10	Farm Manager	W.Jiten Singh	Farm Manager		9300-34,800-P.B-2	10130	12-4-07	-do-	OBC
11	Accountant / Superintendent	NG.Brojendro Singh	Office Suptd. cum Acct./Assistant		9300-34,800-P.B-2	11010	01-3-07	-do-	Gen
12	Stenographer	M.Geeta Devi	Jr.Steno cum Computer operator		5200-20,200-P.B-1	8120	12-4-07	-do-	-do-
13	Driver	M.Hemanta Singh	Driver cum Mechanic		5200-20,200-P.B-1	6310	12-4-07	-do	-do-
14	Driver	Th.Tiken Singh	-do-		5200-20,200-P.B-1	6310	03-5-07	-do	-do-
15	Supporting staff	S.Dhabali Singh	Peon cum Chowkidar		4440-7440-1S	4800	12-4-07	-do-	-do-
16	Supporting staff	Mangminthang Zou	-do-		4440-7440-1S	4800	12-4-07	-do-	ST

1.6. a. Total land with KVK (in ha):10 ha

b. Total cultivable land with KVK (in ha):

c. Total cultivated land (in ha): 9.945

S. No.	Item	Area (ha)
1	Under Buildings(Administrative building+ Staff Quarters)	0.055
2.	Under Demonstration Units	0.016
3.	Under Crops(Cereals, pulses, oilseeds etc.)	5.4
4.	Orchard/Agro-forestry	4.529

5.	Others (specify)	
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## 1.7. Infrastructural Development:

## A) Buildings

S. No.	Name of building	Source of funding	Stage					
			Complete			Incomplete		
			Completion Date	Plinth area (Sq.m)	Expenditure (Rs.)	Starting Date	Plinth area (Sq.m)	Status of construction
1.	Administrative Building	ICAR	Within 24 months.	550(Ground floor)	76,33,000	Dec,2007	550(1 <sup>s</sup> floor)	Completed
2.	Farmers Hostel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	Staff Quarters (5)	-do-	31-3-12		67.90	2-1-12		Completed
4.	Demonstration Units (2)	-do-	31-3-12		20.07	2-1-12		Completed
5	Fencing	-do-	31-3-12	215m	19.75	2-1-12		Completed

6	Rain Water harvesting system							
7	Threshing floor							
8	Farm godown							

## B) Vehicles

Type of vehicle	Regd. No.	Year of purchase	Cost (Rs.)	Total kms. Run	Present status
Bolero, Diesel jeep		2006-07	5,08,657	(62344)	Bad
Tractor, complete set		2006-07	4,35,543	(1116)	Bad

## C) Equipments &amp; AV aids

Name of the equipment	Year of purchase	Cost (Rs.)	Present status
Computer withj accessories(2nos.)	March 2010	75,000	good
Fax	March,2010	25,000	Good
Photo copier	March,2010	1,00,000	Good
Digital Camera	March,2010	20,000	Good
LCD projector	March,2010	1,00,000	Good
Portable carp hatchery	March,2010	2,25,000	good

1.8. A). Details SAC meeting\* conducted in the year 2014-15

SI. No.	Date	Name and Designation of Participants	Salient Recommendations	Action taken on last SAC recommendation
1.	11-12-14	O.Ibomcha Singh, Rice Breeder,Wangbal	In agronomic part for the crop arhar Dr. A. K. Sinha suggested to put the parameters observed	It was included in the final report.
2.	11-12-14	Th.Ghyaneshwor Singh, DAO,Thoubal	Dr. A.K. Sinha suggested to find out the problems of the existing varieties such as yield, pest, duration etc. Then go for solving the problems. I	It was included in the final report.
3	11-12-14	Dr.A.Halim Sheik, Joint Director/DVO,Tbl	In plant protection Dr. N. Prakash suggested that in IPM degree of	It was included in the final report.

			infestation of the field before and after the trial should be indicated.	
4	11-12-14	Dr.A K Singha, PS,ZPD-III	Regarding home science, Dr. A.K. Sinha enquired whether OFT on solar cooker could be brought to the level of demonstration with care so that it should not be failed.	It was confirmed that it could be taken up.
5	11-12-14	Dr.N.Prakash, JD,ICAR,Lamphel	Regarding vaccination schedule joint director Veterinary , Dr. A. Helim Sheik commented that only one time is required as broiler is to be consumed within seven weeks.	In response to this SMS animal science replied that F1 vaccin should be given on day5 and booster at day 21. There should always be a booster dose.
6	11-12-14	S.Gunija Devi, Director of Agriculture,Manipur/PC,Thoubal.	Regarding PBG, Dr. A.K. Sinha said that drought and flood are not a problem.	The problem has been change to scarcity of late sown/contingent rice variety.
7	11-12-14	E.Subhana Devi, Dist.fishery,Thoubal	Regarding Horticulture it was suggested by Dr. N. Prakash to increase the number of farmers/demonstration.	No. of demonstration was increased
8	11-12-14	Kh.Kameshwor, Singh, E.O(Agri)	In fisheries, Dr. N Prakash suggested that as the FLD is on production of	It has been worked out.

			seed, number of fingerling/ seedling should be worked out.	
9	11-12-14	Th.Tomba Singh, EO (Agri)	Regarding home science, Dr. N. Prakash suggested to form self help groups and go for cheap materials and not for difficult technologies.	Self help groups have been formed and technologies are not difficult.
10	11-12-14	M.Kumar Singh, Farmer representative	It was suggested by Dr. N. Prakash to increase the number of training not to go for one day but to increase the number to 3-5 days. He further suggested to go for sponsored, extension personnel and vocational training. He further suggested to increase mobile service and improved the publication.	These have been implemented.
11	11-12-14	M.Manglembi Devi, Farmer representative	Soil testing should be taken up	It is under process.
12	11-12-14	S.Memnaobi Devi, Farmer representative	Seed production in participatory mode should also be included in the report.	It was included in the final report.

**\* Attach a copy of SAC proceedings along with list of participants**

## **2. DETAILS OF DISTRICT**

### 2.1 Major farming systems/enterprises (based on the analysis made by the KVK)

S. No	Farming system/enterprise
1.	Agriculture
2.	Agriculture-Horticulture
3.	Agriculture-Horticulture-Animal Husbandry
4.	Agriculture-Horticulture-Fishery
5.	Agriculture-Animal Husbandry-Fishery
6.	Agriculture-Fishery
7.	Fishery

### 2.2 Description of Agro-climatic Zone & major agro-ecological situations (based on soil and topography)

S. No	Agro-climatic Zone	Characteristics
1.	Sub tropical plain zone	The agro-climatic zone of the Thoubal dist. May be characterized by diverse soil type ranging from clay, clay loam, silty loam to peat and muck soil, high rainfall and high RH with distinct temperature variation between summer and winter, wide cultural diversity with different cropping pattern from fruits (pine apple, banana, mango), Vegetables (cauliflower, cabbage, brinjal, tomato), paddy, pulses and oil seeds, fish and farm animals. The district has the following topographical structures:- upland, medium land and low land and shallow lakes.

### 2.3 Soil type/s

S. No	Soil type	Characteristics	Area in ha
1	Fine, Umbric Dystrochrepts	Deep, excessively drained fine soils moderately steep side slopes of hills having clayey surface with moderate erosion, associated with deep well drained fine soils	3500

	Fine, Typic Haplo humults.	on moderately sloping side slopes of hills with moderate erosion and slight stoniness.	
2.	Fine Typic, Haplo humults Fine, Loamy Umbric Dystrochrepts	Deep, well drained, fine soils on moderately sloping side slopes of hills having loamy surface with moderate erosion, associated with moderately deep, excessively drained fine loamy soils on moderately steep side slopes of hills with moderate erosion and slight stoniness.	14,803.2
3.	Fine, Typic Haplaquepts Fine Ruptic Ultic Dystrochrepts	Deep, poorly drained, fine soils on nearly level valleys having clayey surface with very slight erosion, ground water table between one to two meters of the surface and slight flooding, associated with deep well drained fine soils on gently sloping side slopes of hills with slight erosion.	6251
4.	Very fine, mollic haplaquepts	Deep, very poorly drained, very fine soils on nearly level valleys having clayey surface with very slight erosion ground water level between one meter of the surface and severe flooding associated with deep, poorly drained fine soils on very gently sloping valleys with slight erosion ground water table between one to two meters of the surface and slight flooding.	22,373.8
5.	Fine, Typic Hapludalfs, Fine Silty Typic Haplumbrepts	Deep, somewhat excessively drained, fine soils on sloping side slopes of hillocks having clayey surface with moderate to severe erosion associated with well drained fine silty soils on moderately sloping side slopes of hillocks with moderate erosion.	4572

#### 2.4. Area, Production and Productivity of major crops cultivated in the district

S. No	Crop	Area (ha)	Production (Qtl)	Productivity (Qtl /ha)
1.	Paddy			
	i) Pre kharif	5338	1,07,293.3	20.09
	ii) Kharif	25,000	7,25,000	29.09
	iii) Improved	10,550	2,21,550	21.00
	iv) Local paddy	1000	14,000	14.00
2.	Maize	250	5500	22.00
3.	Kharif pulses	150	1125	7.50
4.	Kharif oilseeds	120	912	7.60

5.	Sugarcane	830	12,45,000	1,500,00
6.	Rabi pulses	2125	23,377	11.00
7.	Rabi oilseeds	2050	34,850	17.00
8.	Potato	825	80,025	97.00
9.	Cole crops	725	87,000	120.00
10	Chilli	350	2,800	8.00
11.	Pineapple	2,000	16,00,000	800.00
12.	Wheat	42	798	19.00

### 2.5. Weather data

Month	Rainfall (mm)	Temperature ° C		Relative Humidity (%)
		Maximum	Minimum	
April,14	29.7	35	12	77.5
May,14	177.0	34	16	76
June,14	180.6	35	21	74
July,14	116.4	34	19	76
August,14	152.6	33	21	73.5
September,14	55.8	33	19	84
October,14	84.2	33	10	74
November,14	Nil	24	8	78
December,14	Nil	25	5	74
January,15	77.0	25	5	71.5
February,15	16	25	3	65.5

### 2.6. Production and productivity of livestock, Poultry, Fisheries etc. in the district

Category	Population	Production	Productivity
<b>Cattle</b>			
<i>Crossbred</i>	14166	47584lit/d	18lit/d

<i>Indigenous</i>	69784	37832lit/d	4lit/d
<b>Buffalo</b>	6079	2961lit/d	3lit/d
<b>Sheep</b>			
Crossbred			
<i>Indigenous</i>	318	2845kg	11kg/sheep
<b>Goats</b>	2540	18,650kg	12kg/goat
<b>Pigs</b>			
<i>Crossbred</i>	35184	925tonnes	75kg/pig
<i>Indigenous</i>	3760	57.8tonnes	52kg/pig
<b>Rabbits</b>			
<b>Poultry</b>			
Hens	62383	26,49,840eggs/year	120eggs/year/hen
<i>Desi</i>	122865	40,36,340eggs/year	220eggs/year
<i>Improved</i>	94500	47,12,780eggs/year	130eggs/year
Ducks	94371	12,220kg	20kg/turkey
Turkey and others	611		

<b>Category</b>	<b>Area (ha)</b>	<b>Production (t)</b>	<b>Productivity</b>
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Fish	<b>504</b>	<b>3.84</b>	<b>2000 kg/ha</b>
<i>Marine</i>			
<i>Inland</i>			
Prawn			
Scampi			
Shrimp			

Note: Pl. provide the appropriate Unit against each enterprise

## 2.6 Details of Operational area / Villages (2014-15)

Sl.No.	Taluk/ Eleka	Name of the block	Name of the village	Major crops & enterprises	Major problem identified	Identified Thrust Areas
1		Thoubal	Yairipok	Paddy	Lack of suitable cultivation practice, fertilizer use and pest management	ICM, SRI, Hybrid Rice, INM, Balanced Fertilizer and IPM
2				Goat farming	No vaccination, castration and improper feeding and housing	Goat farming with less input and vaccination

3				Fishery	Lack of knowledge of scientific fish farming	Composite fish culture
4			Maibam	Paddy	Varietal admixture, improper cultivation methods	ICM,SRI,Hybrid Rice, INM,Balanced Fertilizer and IPM
5				Horticulture (Cole crops)	Lack of proper variety and pest management	Winter vegetables like cagbbage cauliflower, Broccoli and IPM
6			Charangpat	Paddy	Varietal admixture, improper cultivation methods	ICM,SRI,Hybrid Rice, INM,Balanced Fertilizer and IPM
7				Horticulture (Green chilli)	Lack of knowledge of summer vegetable varieties and pest management	Summer vegetable, Corm Cultivation and IPM
8				Pig farming	No, vaccination, improper feeding and breed	Vaccination, Castration and Housing
9			Uyan	Paddy	Varietal Admixture, improper cultivation technique and pest management	ICM,SRI,Hybrid Rice, INM,Balanced Fertilizer and IPM
10				Oilseeds & Pulses	Limited area under oilseed and pulses	Pulses and oilseed cultivation
11				Poultry Farming	Lack of scientific knowledge of poultry farming	Broiler farming, vaccination

12				Piggery	No vaccination, castration and improper housing	Pig rearing, vaccination
13			Uchiwa	Paddy	Injudicious use of fertilizers, Pest and diseases problem, Varietal admixture, failure of crop due to error in planting season	Integrated pest management, Integrated nutrient management, Balance fertilization, Seed prodn. of paddy.
14				Fishery	Lack of knowledge for Scientific fish farming.	Scientific fish farming.
15				Pig farming	Lack of knowledge for Integrated fish cum pig farming.	Integrated fish cum pig farming
16			Sangai yumpham	Paddy	Injudicious use of fertilizers, pest and diseases problem, Varietal admixture, failure of crop due to error in planting season	Integrated pest management, Integrated nutrient management, Balance fertilization, Seed prodn. of paddy.
17				Poultry farming	Problems in feeding readymade feeds.	Feeding management with locally available feeds.

18			Wanging	Paddy	Injudicious use of fertilizers, Pest and diseases problem, Varietal admixture, failure of crop due to error in planting season	Integrated pest management, Integrated nutrient management, Balance fertilization, Seed prodn. Of paddy.
19				Poultry farming	Problems in feeding readymade feeds.	Feeding management with locally available feeds.
20				Horticulture (Green chilli)	Die Back, fruit rot.	Integrated pest management.
21			Lilong	Vegetable crops (Cabbage, cauliflower, onion, broad bean)	Selection of variety, Lack of knowledge of cultivation techniques.	Varietal demonstration & new cultivation techniques.
22			Nongpok Sekmai	Paddy	Injudicious fertilizers used, lack of suitable cultivation technique	ICM, SRI, Hybrid Rice, INM, Balanced Fertilizer and IPM
23				Oilseed & pulses	Not grown	Pulses & oilseed cultivation

24		Kakching	Thongjao	Paddy	Injudicious use of fertilizers, Pest and diseases problem, Varietal admixture, failure of crop due to error in planting season	Integrated pest management, Integrated nutrient management, Balance fertilization, Seed prodn. Of paddy, varietal trails.
25				Fishery	Lack of Knowledge of Disease management	Fish Health management.
26				Pig farming	Reduce body weight, preweaning mortality.	Piggery management.
27			Umathel	Paddy	Injudicious use of fertilizer,pesticides & lack of proper cultivation method	SRI,INM,Intercropping of paddy with pulses & oilseed crops
28				Oilseeds & pulses	Lack of knowledge of oilseed & pulses cultivation	Scientific pulse & oilseed cultivation
29			Waikhong	Paddy	Injudicious use of fertilizer,pesticides & lack of proper cultivation method	SRI,INM,Intercropping of paddy with pulses & oilseed crops
30				Pig farming	No vaccination & castration	Vaccination & castration

31			Serou	Maize	Lack of suitable maize varieties & its cultivation technique	Proper composite & hybrid varieties,intercropping of maize with pulses & oilseeds
32			Wangoo	Paddy	Injudicious use of fertilizer,pesticides & lack of proper cultivation method	SRI,INM,Intercropping of paddy with pulses & oilseed crops
33				Fishery	Lack of scientific fish culture	Composite fish culture
34			Wabagai	Paddy	Lack of suitable cultivation technique	ICM,SRI,hybrid rice cultivation
35				Horticulture (Chilli, cole crops)	Lack of relay cropping & pest management	Relay cropping with beans and cucurbits,IPM
36				Fishery	Lack of scientific fish culture	Composite fish culture,integrated fish farming
37				Potato	Improper variety & lack of nutrient & pest management	Kufri varieties,IPM,INM
38				Tomato	Improper variety & lack of nutrient & pest management	IPM,INM,Hybrid varieties

39			Sekmai jin	Paddy	Injudicious use of fertilizer, pesticides & lack of proper cultivation method	SRI, INM, Intercropping of paddy with pulses & oilseed crops
40				Fish	Lack of scientific fish culture	Composite fish culture, integrated fish farming
41			Tokpaching	Paddy	Lack of deep water rice varieties, nutrient & pest management	Deep water rice varieties, nutrient & pest management
42				Horticulture	Lack of knowledge of summer veg. crops & its cultivation techniques in upland areas.	Crops of summer season, growing of crops across the slopes & proper irrigation techniques

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### **3. TECHNICAL ACHIEVEMENTS**

#### **3. A. Details of target and achievements of mandatory activities by KVK during 2014-15**

Discipline	OFT (Technology Assessment and Refinement)				FLD (Oilseeds, Pulses, Maize, Other Crops/Enterprises)			
	Number of OFTs		Number of Farmers		Number of FLDs		Number of Farmers	
	Targets	Achievement	Targets	Achievement	Targets	Achievement	Targets	Achievement
Agronomy	2	1	10	3	5	4	25	20



Seed Production (ton.)		Planting material (Nos. in lakh)	
5		6	
Target	Achievement	Target	Achievement
10.5	10.3		

Note: Target must be as set during last Action Plan Workshop

### 3. B. Abstract of interventions undertaken during 2014-15

Sl. No	Thrust area	Crop/ Enterprise	Identified problems	Interventions					
				Title of OFT if any	Title of FLD if any	Title of Training if any	Title of training for extension personnel if any	Extension activities	Supply of seeds, planting materials etc.
1	IWM	Arhar	Heavy weed infestation at initial stage leads to reduce growth & yield.	IWM in arhar					
2	Varietal evaluation of onion	Onion	Lack of improved variety	Varietal performance of onion					
3	Varietal evaluation of garlic	Garlic	Lack of improved variety	Varietal performance of garlic					

4	Insect pest management of ladies finger	Ladies finger	Aphid, Jassid, white flies, Hispa armigera, S.litura	Insect pest					
5	Insect pest management of tomato	Tomato	White flies,mites	Insect pest mgt. of tomato					
6	Seed production of carp	Barb	Scarcity of carp seeds	Seed production of barb					Seed
7	Seed production of carp	Grass carp + paddy	Scarcity of carp seeds	Seed production of Grass carp in paddy field					Seed
8	Renewable energy	Solar cooker	Lack of use of renewable energy saving devices	Introduction of box type solar cooker					
9	Feeding of probiotic in broiler	Broiler	Mortality% is high	Feeding of probiotic in broiler					
10	Feeding of feed supplement with vitamins & minerals.	Geese	Unawareness of feed supplements, vitamins & minerals	Feeding of food supplements, vitamins & minerals in geese.					

11	Varietal evaluation of RCM-13	Rice	Very less no. short duration of rice	Evaluation of RCM-13					
12	Contingent	Rice	Frequent natural calamity like draught & flood.	Evaluation of rice under late sown condition as contingent crop.					
13	Planting of spring maize for green cob production	Maize	Maize crop is not yet popularize in the district		Planting of spring maize				Seed
14	Seed production of rice using ICM	Rice	Lack of adequate quantity of good quality rice seed		Seed production of rice through ICM				Seed
15	INM in cauliflower	Cauliflower	INM not yet practice		INM in cauliflower				Biofertilizer
16	Nutrient mgt. in tomato using vermicompost	Tomato	Use of chemical fertilizer only deteriorates soil fertility & productivity.		Use of vermicompost in tomato cultivation				Vermicompost

17	Varietal demonstration of watermelon variety NS-295	Watermelon	Lack of proper cultivation method & variety		Scientific cultivation of watermelon				Seed
18	Mgt. of hopper	Rice	Lack of suitable hopper mgt. insecticide		Hopper mgt. with Ethiprol 40% + Imidachlorophid 40%				Insecticide
19	Mgt. of fruit fly	Bitter gourd	Lack of suitable fruit fly mgt. insecticide		Fruit fly mgt. with chlorantranipiole				Insecticide
20	Trap crop for onion thrips	Onion	Lack of suitable biopesticide		Maize as trap crop for onion thrips				Maize & onion seed
21	Seed production of carps	Carps	Scarcity of carp seeds		Seed production of carps				Fingerlings
22	Organic dye	-	Little use of organic dye		Introduction of organic dye				-
23	Utilization of waste material	-	Waste material are unused		Fibre extracts from pseudostem of banana plant				-







Farm machineries										
Post Harvest Technology										
Integrated Pest Management										
Integrated Disease Management										
Resource conservation technology										
Small Scale income generating enterprises										
<b>TOTAL</b>										

\* *Technology that is refined in collaboration with ICAR/SAU Scientists for improving its effectiveness.*



Small Scale income generating enterprises								
<b>TOTAL</b>								

#### A.5. Results of On Farm Testing

Sl. No.	Title of OFT	Problem Diagnosed	Name of Technology Assessed	Crop/Cropping system/ Enterprise	No. of Trials	Results of Assessment/ Refined (Data on the parameter should be provided)	Feedback from the farmer	Feedback to the Researcher	B.C . Ratio (if applicable)
1	IWM in arhar	Lost of Hw is very high	IWM in arhar using Pendimethalin & HW	IWM	3	No.of pods/plt-283 No. of seeds/plt -4 Plt. Ht-6ft Yield-12.5q/ha			1.94:1

2	Varietal performance of onion	Lack of improved variety	Varietal trail of Bhim Shakti	Onion	5	Ongoing			
3	Varietal performance of garlic	Lack of improved variety	Varietal trail of G-313	Garlic	5	Ongoing			
4	Insect pest mgt.of ladies finger	Ploblem of aphid, Jassids, white flies, H armigera & S.litura	Insect pest mgt. with Cyantranilprole @75g.ai/ha	Ladies finger	5	Yield-8.1t/ha	-	-	3.49
5	Mgt. of white flies, mites in tomato	White flies, mites	Mgt. of white flies, mites using spiromesifen 240SC	Tomato	5	White flies/plt-4.37 Mites-3.68 Farmer practice: White flies-15.23 Mites-18.75			5.62 Farmer practice: 4.91

6	Seed production of carp	Scarcity of carp seeds	Seed production of carp	Carp	5	Survivability -46% Growth: Length-92mm in 3mth Weight-27g in 3mths			6.57
7	Seed production of Grass carp in paddy field	Scarcity of carp seeds	Seed production of carp	Grass carp	4	Yield of rice-3.57ton/ha Survivability of fish seed-30-35% Growth" Length-245cm in 5mths Weight-162g			2.08
8	Feeding of probiotic in poultry (broiler)	Mortality % is high	Feeding in probiotic in broiler @ 2g/lit drinking	Poultry	5	Weekly body wt(g)-0(44), 1(116.4), 2(324.53), 3(651.33), 4(1076.66), 5(1509.33), 6(2120), 7(2450),8(2750)	Mortality % is very much reduced and profit margin is increase	Can go for FLD	1.71:1

						<p>Weekly mortality-1(1), 2(0), 3(0), 4(0), 5(0), 6(0), 7(0), 8(0)</p> <p>Weekly feed intake (g/week/bird)- 1(68), 2(221), 3(426), 4(643), 5(836), 6(920), 7(980), 8(1080)</p> <p>Production/bird - 2.75kg at 8 weeks</p>			
9	Performance of geese by feeding locally available feed supplemented with vitamins & minerals	Unawareness of feeding of vitamins & minerals	Performance of geese by feeding locally available feed supplemented with vitamins & minerals	Geese (Poultry)	5	<p>Body wt.(g)at:</p> <p>4weeks-800</p> <p>8wks-1800</p> <p>12wks-2700</p> <p>16wks-3500</p> <p>20wks-4000</p> <p>24wks-4800</p>	Performance of geese is increase by feeding vitamin and mineral	Can adopt for FLD	2.8:1

						Egg wt.- 120±0.012g  Dressing%-72  Production- 4.8kg at 20wks.			
10	Evaluati on of rice variety RCM-13	Very less no. of short duration rice variety	Evaluation of rice variety RCM-13	Rice	10	Technology:  Plt.ht-102cm  No.of grains/Panicle- 160  Duration- 110days  Yield-46q/ha  Farmer practice:  Plt.ht-115cm  No.of grains/Panicle- 130  Duration- 120days			1.9:1

						Yield-38q/ha			
11	Evaluation of rice under late sown condition as contingent crop	Frequent natural calamity like draught & flood	Late sown rice variety	Rice	4	Plt.ht-95cm No.of grains/Panicle-140 Duration-121days Farmer practice: Var-IR-64 Plt.ht-Nil No.of grains/Panicle- Nil Duration-Nil			1.45:1

*\*Field crops – ton/ha, \* for horticultural crops -= kg/t/ha, \* milk and meat – litres or kg/animal, \* for mushroom and vermi compost kg/unit area.*

*\*\* Give details of the technology assessed or refined and farmer's practice*

### 3.2 Achievements of Frontline Demonstrations during 2014-15

## a. Follow-up for results of FLDs implemented during previous years

List of technologies demonstrated during previous year and popularized during 2014-15 and recommended for large scale adoption in the district

Sl. No	Crop/ Enterprise	Technology demonstrated	Horizontal spread of technology		
			No. of villages	No. of farmers	Area in ha
1	Maize	Spring maize cultivation	5	5	1.25
2	Rice	Seed production of rice through ICM	5	5	1.25
3	Cauliflower	INM in cauliflower using biofertilizers	5	5	-
4	Tomato	Nutrient mgt.in tomato using vermicompost	5	5	-
5	Watermelon	Scientific cultivation of watermelon	5	5	0.75
6	Rice	Hopper mgt.with Ethiprol + Imidacloprid	5	5	1.25
7	Bitter gourd	Mgt. of fruit fly with chlorantrinirole	5	5	1.00
8	Onion	Maize as trap crop for onion thrips	5	5	8.50
9	Carp	Seed production of carps	5	5	0.25
10	Goat	Effect of vitamins & minerals in preweaned goat	10	6	-
11	Poultry	Comparative study of growth & production of giriraja & vanaraja under semi intensive system of farming.	10	6	-

12	Duck+Fish	Integrated farming system of duck+fish	10	7	-
13	Rice	Seed production of rice through SRI var. Tampha phou	10	8	2.5
14	Mustard	Cultivation of zero tillage mustard	5	5	1.25
15	Pea	Popularization of pulse crop in rice fallows	4	4	1.00
16	Lentil	Popularization of pulse crop in rice fallows	5	5	1.00

\* **Thematic areas as given in Table 3.1 (A1 and A2)**

- b. Details of FLDs conducted during reporting period (Information is to be furnished in the following **three tables** for **each category** i.e. **cereals, horticultural crops, oilseeds, pulses, cotton and commercial crops.**)

Sl. No.	Crop	Thematic area	Technology Demonstrated	Season and year	Area (ha)		No. of farmers/ demonstration			Reasons for shortfall in achievement	Farming situation (Rainfed/Irrigated, Soil type, altitude, etc)	Status of soil (Kg/ha)		
					Proposed	Actual	SC/ST	Others	Total			N	P	K
1.	Rice	Seed production	Seed production of rice through ICM	Kharif,2014	1.25	1.25	-	5	5	NA	Irrigated clay loam			

2.	Maize	Cereal production	Spring maize	Spring 2014	1.25	1.25	-	5	5	NA	Rainfed clay loam			
3	Cauliflower	INM	INM in cauliflower using bio fertilizer	Rabi,2014	0.5	0.5	-	5	5	NA	Irrigated			
4	Tomato	INM	INM in tomato using vermicompost	Rabi,2014	0.5	0.5	-	5	5	NA	Irrigated			
5	Watermelon	Varietal demonstration	Cultivation of water melon variety NS-295	Rabi,2014	0.75	0.75	-	5	5	NA	Irrigated			
6	Rice	Insect pest mgt.	Hopper mgt.with Ethiprol 40%+ Imidacloprid 40%	Kharif,2014	1.25	1.25	1	4	5	NA	Rainfed clay loam			
7	Bitter gourd	Insect pest mgt.	Mgt. of fruit fly with chlorantriniprole	Kharif,2014	0.75	0.75	1	4	5	NA	Irrigated clay loam			
8	Onion	Insect pest mgt.	Mgt. of thrips using maize as trap crop	Kharif,2014	0.50	0.50	1	4	5	NA	Irrigated clay loam			

9	Rice	Seed production	Seed production of rice through SRI var. Tampha phou	Kharif,2014	2.5	2.5	2	8	10	NA	Irrigated clay loam			
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### c. Performance of FLD on Crops

Sl. No.	Crop	Thematic area	Area (ha.)	Avg. yield (Q/ha.)		% increase in Avg. yield	Additional data on demo. yield (Q/ha.)		Data on parameters other than yield, e.g., disease incidence, pest incidence etc.	Econ. of demo. (Rs./ha.)				Econ. of check (Rs./Ha.)				
				Demo.	Check		H*	L*		GC**	GR**	NR**	BCR**	GC	GR	NR	BCR	
				Demo	Local													
1	Maize	Cereal production	1.25	20.9	20.40	2.55	21.40	20.00	No. of grain/cob-405 Plant ht-175cm	402 175	23,000	31,380	8380	1.36	23500	30600	7100	1.3

2	Rice	Seed Production	1.25	73.92	57.60	28.33	76.80	69.64	Pl.pop-58000 No. of grain /pannic le No. of tiller/hi ll	135 6	55000	147840	92840	2.68	60000	92160	32160	1.54
3	Mustard	Continuing																
4	Pea	-do-																
5	Lentil	-do-																
6	Cauliflower	INM	0.50	180	173	4	195	168			87300	360000	272700	4.1	89,220	34,600 0	256780	3.8
7	Tomato	INM	0.50	260	262	-0.76	270	249			94966	390000	295834	4.12	92,664	3,79,50 0	286836	4.0
8	Watermelon	Varietal introduction	0.75	265	265	-	280	275			87140	476000	388860	5.4	87140	432000	345480	4.9
9	Rice	IPM	1.25	53.00	49	8.66	62.4	46			55730	79500	23720	1.43	56400	78000	11600	1.38
10	Bittergourd	-do-	0.75	168	155	8.39	181	151			92000	420000	328000	4.56				
11	Onion	-do-	0.50	Continuing		-												
12	Rice	Seed prod	2.5	77	50	54	95	65			55000	154000	99000	2.8	56400	80652	24252	1.43

\*H-Highest recorded yield, L- Lowest recorded yield

\*\* GC- Gross Cost, GR- Gross Return, NR- Net Return, BCR- Benefit-Cost Ratio

Produce Sale Price must be as per MSP or Registered Marketing Society

Pl. apply the formula: Net Return= Gross Return-Gross Cost, BCR= GR/GC

**Note: Economics to be worked out based on total cost of production per unit area and not on critical inputs alone.**

**d. Extension and Training activities under FLD on Crops**

Sl.No.	Activity	No. of activities organised	Date	Number of participants			Remarks
				Gen	SC/ST	Total	
1	Field days						
2	Farmers Training	5					
3	Media coverage	T.V talk, radio talk					
4	Training for extension functionaries						
5	Any other (Pl. specify)						
	<b>Total</b>						

**e. Details of FLD on Enterprises**

(i) Farm Implements

Name of the implement	Crop	No. of farmers	Area (ha)	Performance parameters /	* Data on parameter in relation to technology demonstrated	% change in the parameter	Remarks
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				Indicators	Demon.	Local check		

\* *Field efficiency, labour saving etc.*

(ii) Livestock Enterprises

Sl. No.	Enterprise/ Category (e.g., Dairy, Poultry etc.)	Thematic area	Name of Technology	No. of farmers	No. of units	No. of animals, poultry birds etc.	Major Performance parameters / indicators		% change in the parameter	Other parameters (if any)		Econ. of demo. Goat(Rs./kid.) IFS (300/ha) Poultry(Rs/10bird)				Econ. of check (Rs./Ha.)				Remarks
							Demo	Check		Demo	Check	GC	GR	NR	BC	GC	GR	NR	BC	
1	Goat	Feeding mgmt	Effect of feeding vitamin and mineral supplement on preweaned goats	10	10	30	Live wt at 0 day (1.05kg)	1.1	-4.5			550	1800	1250	32:1	400	1000	600	2.5:1	
							Live wt at 3mths (5.28kg)	3.5	33.71											
2	Poultry	Housing mgmt	Comparative performance	10	10	100	Age at 1 <sup>st</sup> lay	Age at 1 <sup>st</sup> lay	Age at 1 <sup>st</sup> lay			A.2851	A.88	A.5987	2.1:1	2752	5625	2873	1.5:1	

			on growth and production of Giriraja and Vanaraja under semi intensive system of farming A: Giriraja B. Vanaraja				A.152 Day B. 138.5 Day Hatch ability % A.73.5 B. 80.02 Egg production / mth A.14.5 B.19.5 Wt at 20 wks A.3.05 kg B.3.35 kg	224Day Hatch ability % 92(through brooding) Egg production / mth 16.04 Wt at 20 wks 1.8kg	A.32 B. 26 Hatch ability % A.-26 B. -21 Egg production / mth A.-31 B.-6 Wt at 20 wks A.28 B.33			B. 28 51 38 .1 B. 94 08 .3	B. 65 57 .3						
3	Duck-Fish	IFS	IFS on Duck-Fish	10	10	300 ducks 10000 fish	Live wt of duck at 8 mths (2.15) Live wt of	Live wt of duck at 8 mths (1.5) Live wt of	30.23			40 93 31 86 00	24 45 07 3. 3: 1	120 000	300 000	18 00 00	2.5 :1		



*Note: Economics to be worked out based on total cost of production per unit area and not on critical inputs alone.*

(iv) Other enterprises

Sl. No.	Category/ Enterprise, e.g., mushroom, vermicompost, apiculture etc.	Thematic area	Name of Technology	No. of farmers	No. of units	Major Performance parameters / indicators		% change in the parameter	Other parameters (if any)		Econ. of demo. (Rs./Ha.)				Econ. of check (Rs./Ha.)				Remarks	
						Dem o	Chec k		Dem o	Chec k	GC*	GR*	NR*	BCR*	GC	GR	NR	BCR		

**\*\* GC- Gross Cost, GR- Gross Return, NR- Net Return, BCR- Benefit-Cost Ratio**

*Note: Economics to be worked out based on total cost of production per unit area and not on critical inputs alone.*

(v) Farm Implements and Machinery

Sl. No.	Name of implement	Crop	Name of Technology demonstrated	No. of farmers	Area (In ha.)	Field observation (Output/ man-hours)		% change in the parameter	Labour reduction (Man days)	Cost reduction (Rs. per ha. or Rs. per unit etc.)	Remarks
						Demo	Check				

**f. Performance of FLD on Crop Hybrids**

Sl. No.	Crop	Name of hybrids	Area (ha.)	No. of farmers	Avg. yield (Q/ha.)		% increase in Avg. yield	Additional data on demo. yield (Q/ha.)		Econ. of demo. (Rs./Ha.)				Econ. of check (Rs./Ha.)			
					Demo.	Check		H*	L*	GC**	GR**	NR**	BCR**	GC	GR	NR	BCR
1	Maize	Deklab Hishell	1.25	5	20.9	20.4	2.55	21.4	20.1	2300	3138	7380	1.36	2350	3060	7100	1.3

**\*H-Highest recorded yield, L- Lowest recorded yield**











































Soil and Water Testing																					
<b>IV Livestock Production and Management</b>																					
Dairy Management	1		1	18		5		23							18		5		23		23
Poultry Management																					
Piggery Management	1		1						20		2		22		22		2		22		22
Rabbit Management																					
Disease Management	1		1	18				18							18				18		18
Feed management																					
Production of quality animal products																					
<b>V Home Science/Women empowerment</b>																					
Household food security by kitchen gardening and	1		1			17		17									17		17		17





of farm machinery and implements																					
Small scale processing and value addition																					
Post Harvest Technology																					
<b>VII Plant Protection</b>																					
Integrated Pest Management	5		5	68		6		74									68		6		74
Integrated Disease Management	1		1	18		3		21									18		3		21
Bio-control of pests and diseases																					
Production of bio control agents and bio pesticides																					
<b>VIII Fisheries</b>																					





































Note: Please furnish the details of above training programmes as Annexure in the proforma given below

**Annexure 1: Details of Training Programme (On Campus including Sponsored On Campus) for Farmers, Farm Women, Rural Youth and Extension Personnel**

Discipline	Area of training	Title of the training programme	Date (From – to)	Duration in days	Venue	Please specify Beneficiary group (Farmer & Farm women/ RY/ EP and NGO Personnel)	General participants			SC/ST			Grand Total				
							M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T		
Animal Science	Feed Management	Treatment of straw			On	PF											

**Annexure 2: Details of Training Programme (Off Campus including Sponsored Off Campus) for Farmers, Farm Women, Rural Youth and Extension Personnel**

Discipline	Area of training	Title of the training programme	Date (From – to)	Duration in days	Venue	Please specify Beneficiary group (Farmer & Farm women/ RY/ EP and NGO Personnel)	General participants			SC/ST			Grand Total		
							M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T

Plant protection		Mushroom cultivation	26-6-14	1	Serou	Farmers & Farm women	17	8	25				17	8	25
		Mushroom cultivation	4-7-14	1	Laiphrakpam	Farmers & Farm women	1	19	20				1	19	20
		Weed management in pineapple field	16-7-14	1	Saramlok	Farmers & Farm women	14	3	17				14	3	17
		IPM on rice	2-8-14	1	Wangjing Wanglkei	RY	24	0	24				24	0	24
		Pest management in cole crops	12-9-14	1	Wangjing Hodamba	Farmers & Farm women	17	0	17				17	0	17
		Hopper management in rice field	14-10-14		Salungpham	Farmers & Farm women	15	2	17				15	2	17
		Hopper management in rice field	1-10-14	1	Ngatensoi maspal	Farmers & Farm women	12	4	16				12	4	16
		Grain storage	20-11-14	1	Charangpat	Farmers & Farm women	18	3	21				18	3	21

		Mushroom cultivation	28-2-15	1	Khangabok	RY	10	40	50				10	40	50
Agronomy		Cultivation of kharif field crops.	26-5-14	1	Hijam khunou	Farmers & Farm women	21	7	28				21	7	28
		Cultivation of kharif field crops.	23-6-14	1	Charangpat	Farmers & Farm women	12	5	17				12	5	17
		Nutritional mgt. in rice	28-7-14	1	Kiyam siphai	Farmers & Farm women	15	-	15				15	-	15
		Scientific cultivation of rice	23-8-14	1	Wangjing, Wangkhei	Farmers & Farm women	15	5	20				15	5	20
		Use of organic inputs	16-9-14	1	Waikhong	Farmers & Farm women				13	5	18	13	5	18
		Management of rabi field crops.	26-12-14	1	Wangjing	Farmers & Farm women	11	-	11				11	-	11

		Cultivation of pre-kharif rice	20-11-14	1	Kiyam siphai	Farmers & Farm women	12	4	16				12	4	16
		Scientific cultivation of maize	18-2-15	1	Tangjing	Farmers & Farm women	12	5	17				12	5	17
Animal Science		Clean milking & value addition of milk	28-4-14	1	Hiyanglam	Farmer	18	5	23				18	5	23
		Scientific duck farming	21-5-14	1	Charangpat	RY	10	11	21				10	11	21
		IFS	24-6-14	1	Tekcham	RY	16	6	22				16	6	22
		Scientific broiler farming	15-7-14	1	Keirak	RY	12	8	20				12	8	20
		Scientific broiler farming	12-8-14	1	Wabagai	RY	13	9	22				13	9	22
		Disease mgt. of	12-9-14	1	Wabagai	F	18	-	18				18	-	22

		dairy cattle													
		Scientific broiler mgt.	8-9-14	1	Tentha	RY	17	5	2 2				17	5	22
		Treatment of straw	19-12-14	1	On	F	13	4	1 7				13	4	17
		IFS	10-1-15	1	Wangjing	RY	12	7	1 9				12	7	19
		Scientific mgt. of pig	12-2-15	1	Ingarok	F				2 0	2	22	20	2	22
Fisheries		Induced breeding of carps	15-4-14	1	Arong nongmaik hong	PF	10	3	1 3				10	3	13
		Seed production of carps	26-5-14	1	Waikhong	PF	6	8	1 4				6	8	14
		Integrated aquaculture	13-6-14	1	Elang khangpok poi	PF	19	1	2 0				19	1	20
		Fish health mgt.	8-8-14	1	Tokpachin g	PF	39	-	3 9				39	-	39

		Integrated aquaculture	19-9-14	1	Langmeidong	RY	13	-	13				13	-	13
		Integrated fish farming	26-10-14	1	Arongnongmaikhong	PF	30	9	39				30	9	39
		Fish health mgt.	24-11-14	1	Thoubal khunou	PF	17	2	19				17	2	19
PBG		Rogueing in pre-kharif rice	8-5-14	1	Sekmajing	Farmer	20	4	24				20	4	24
		Storage of seed	12-8-14	1	Wabagai	RY	17	3	20				17	3	20
		Refinement of garden pea+cabbage	20-9-14	1	Wabagai	PF	17	3	20				17	3	20
		Varietal description of cereal crops maize & rice	12-9-14	1	On	PF	20	7	27				20	7	27

		Harvesting of rice seed	20-10-14	1	Thongjao	PF	16	5	21				16	5	21
		Harvesting of rice seed	16-10-14	1	Laikhrakpam	PF	17	4	21				17	4	21
		Storage mgt.of rice	17-12-14	1	Khongjom	PF	12	5	17				12	5	17
		Spring rice seed production	19-2-15	1	Tangjing	RY	21	8	29				21	8	29
		Nursery mgt. of pre-kharif rice	16-1-15	1	Sekmajjing	RY	14	6	20				14	6	20
Horticulture		Early production of cauliflower	26-4-14	1	Sikhong	PF	2	23	25				2	23	25
		Scientific cultivation of ginger	26-6-14	1	Ukongsan	PF	11	6	17				11	6	17

		productio n													
		Use of pineapple harvestor & cultural practices	17-7-14	1	Lisamlok	PF				1 8	13	31	18	13	31
		Scientific cultivation of onion	10-8-14	1	Wangjing	PF	13	7	2 0				13	7	20
		Productio n of cole crops	9-9-14	1	Kakching	PF	15	6	2 1				15	6	21
		Cultural practices of watermelo n	16-1-14	1	Umathel	PF	13	7	2 0				13	7	20
		Tomato cultivation	22-1-15	1	Thoubal	RY	12	13	2 5				12	13	25
		Vegetable productio n in greenhous e	26-2-15	1	Yairipok singa	PF	8	16	2 4				8	16	24

Home Science		Preparation of low cost tomato powder	21-4-14	1	Langathel	PF	4	17	21				4	17	21
		Use of energy devices	16-5-14	1	Thoubal	PF		20	20					20	20
		Value addition of fruits	26-6-14	1	Serou	PF	3	24	27				3	4	27
		Organic dyeing	16-7-14	1	Langmeidong	PF		20	20					20	20
		Value addition of gauva	4-8-14	1	Kakching	PF				7	21	28	7	21	28
		Household food security by nutritional gardening	9-9-14	1	Ukhongshang	PF		17	17					17	17
		Minimization of nutrient	16-1-15	1	Umathel	RY	3	24	27				3	24	27







17.	Electronic media (CD/DVD)			1													
18.	Extension literature			6													
19.	Newspaper coverage			4													
20.	Popular articles			47													
21.	Radio talk			6													
22.	TV talk			18													
23.	Training manual			2													
24.	Soil health camp																
25.	Awareness camp																
26.	Lecture delivered as resource person																
27.	PRA			26													
28.	Farmer-Scientist interaction																
29.	Soil test campaign																
30.	Mahila Mandal Convener meet																
31.	Any other (Book chapter)			3													
32.																	
<b>Grand Total</b>																	

### 3.5 Production and supply of Technological products during 2014-15

#### A. SEED MATERIALS

Major group/class	Crop	Variety	Quantity (qt)	Value (Rs.)	Number of recipient/ beneficiaries		
					General	SC/ST	Total
CEREALS			105.90	264750			
OILSEEDS							
PULSES							
VEGETABLES							
FLOWER CROPS							
OTHERS (Specify)							

**A1. SUMMARY of Production and supply of Seed Materials during 2014-15**

Sl. No.	Major group/class	Quantity (ton.)	Value (Rs.)	Number of recipient/ beneficiaries		
				General	SC/ST	Total
1	CEREALS	10.59	264750	320	80	400
2	OILSEEDS					
3	PULSES					

4	VEGETABLES					
5	FLOWER CROPS					
6	OTHERS					
<b>TOTAL</b>		10.59	264750	320	80	400

**B. Production of Planting Materials (Nos. in lakh)**

Major group/class	Crop	Variety	Numbers (In Lakh)	Value (Rs.)	Number of recipient beneficiaries		
					General	SC/ST	Total
Fruits							
Spices	Onion	Bhima, Shakti	1,00,000	10,000			
Ornamental Plants							
VEGETABLES	Cauliflower	White flash	50,000	25,000	15	10	25
	Cabbage	Rare ball	40,000	20,000	10	10	20
Forest Spp.							
Plantation crops							
Medicinal plants							
OTHERS (Pl. Specify)							

**B1. SUMMARY of Production and supply of Planting Materials (In Lakh) during 2014-15**



2								
3								
4								
<b>BIO PESTICIDES</b>								
1								
2								
3								
4								

### C1. SUMMARY of production of bio-products during 2014-15

Sl. No.	Product Name	Species	Quantity		Value (Rs.)	Number of Recipient beneficiaries		Total number of Recipient beneficiaries
			Nos	(kg)		General	SC/ST	
1	BIOAGENTS							
2	BIO FERTILIZERS							
3	BIO PESTICIDE							
	<b>TOTAL</b>							

### D. Production of livestock during 2014-15

Sl. No.	Type of livestock	Breed	Quantity		Value (Rs.)	Number of Recipient beneficiaries		
			(Nos)	Kgs		General	SC/ST	Total
	Cattle/ Dairy							
	Goat	Non descript	40		Not yet sale			
	Piggery	Crossbred pig	12 piglets		Notyet sale			
	Poultry(Duck)	Khaki campbell	60nos.		6000/-	40	20	60
	Fisheries	Rohu, grasscarp, pengba, puntius	20,000	20	20000/-	20	10	30
	Others (Specify)							

#### D1. SUMMARY of production of livestock during 2014-15

Sl. No.	Livestock category	Breed	Quantity		Value (Rs.)	Number of Recipient beneficiaries		Total number of Recipient beneficiaries
			Nos	(kg)		General	SC/ST	
1	CATTLE							
2	SHEEP & GOAT	Non descript	40					

3	POULTRY	Khaki campbell	60nos.		6000/-	40	20	60
4.	PIGGERY	Crossbred	12 piglets					
5	FISHERIES	Rohu, grasscarp, pengba, puntius	20,000	20	20,000/-	20	10	30
6	OTHERS (Pl. specify)							
	<b>TOTAL</b>							

### 3.6. Literature Developed/Published (with full title, author & reference) during 2014-15

(A) KVK News Letter ((Date of start, Periodicity, number of copies distributed etc.): \_\_\_\_\_)

(B) Articles/ Literature developed/published

Item	Title /and Name of Journal	Authors name	Number of copies
Research papers			
1.	Length weight relationship and condition factor of an endemic carp <i>osteobrama cunma</i> (day, 1888) of Manipur	Bedajit, Y; Chakraborty, S.K; Motilan, Y; Vishwanath, W; Deshmukh,G and Jaiswar, A.K	500
2.	Studies on seed characters and seedling	Singh,M.T, Singh, I.M and Singh M.S	500
3.	Vigour of rice, Agricultural research	Thoithoi, M: Meghachandra,I;Mutum S. Singh	500
4.	Feedinghabbits and reproductive biology of an endemic carp, <i>osteobrama cunma</i> (day1888) of Manipur	Bedajit, Y: Chakraborty, S.K;Motilan, Y; Vishwanath, W Deshmukh, G and Jaiswar, A.K	1000



	<p>xi. Blast management in rice field</p> <p>xii. Shoot borer and termite management of sugarcane</p> <p>xiii SRI in fish farm with hybrid rice PAC-807</p> <p>xiv. Rice seed production the need of the hour</p> <p>xv. Rice fish rotation in Manipur</p> <p>xvi Hybrid rice cultivation in Manipur</p> <p>xvii.Situation specific rice varieties of Manipur</p> <p>xviii. Late sown rice as contingent crop</p> <p>xix. Early varieties of cauliflower and their package of practice</p> <p>xx. Rogueing in rice and production</p>	<p>xi. M. Thoithoi</p> <p>xii M. Thoithoi</p> <p>xiii. S. Sumangal</p> <p>Xiv. S. Sumangal</p> <p>xv. S. Sumangal</p> <p>xvi. S. Sumangal</p> <p>xvii S. Sumangal</p> <p>xviii S. Sumangal</p> <p>xix. S. Sumangal</p> <p>xx. S. Sumangal</p>	<p>500</p>
Technical bulletins			
Extension bulletins			
Newsletter			
Conference/ workshop proceedings	Influence of probiotic supplementation on growth performance of broiler	Zeshmarani, S	500
	Comparative performance kid supplemented with vitamin and minerals	Zeshmarani, S and Dhaneshwar, M	500
Leaflets/folders	Income generation through value added pulses	R.K Lembisana	600
	Agronomic measures for controlling soil erosion	W. Jiten	600

	Vermicompost technology	M. Thoithoi	600
	Scientific cultivation of onion	Kh.Premlata Devi	500
	Scientific cultivation of Ginger	Kh. Premlata Devi	500
	Cultural practices of Watermelon	Kh.Premlata Devi	500
	Tomato production in Green House	Kh.Premlata Devi	500
	Crop diversification in rainfed upland rice areas	N. Tomba	500
e-publications			
Any other (Pl. specify)			
<b>TOTAL</b>			

N.B. Please enclose a copy of each. In case of literature prepared in local language, please indicate the title in English

**(C) Details of Electronic Media Produced**

S. No.	Type of media (CD / VCD / DVD / Audio-Cassette)	Title of the programme	Number produced

**3.7. Success stories/Case studies, if any (two or three pages write-up on each case with suitable action photographs)**

INTEGRATED FARMING SYSTEM - A BOON TO POOR RURAL

HOUSEHOLD COMMUNITY

Due to unemployment problem, Agriculture and allied activities are the primary source of income for the people living in rural areas of Thoubal district. Commercial broiler farming was taken up as an enterprise by almost and every household communities in a very small scale Integrated. Since feed cost accounts for more than 70% of the total cost of production. It is high time for the farmers to take up Integrated Farming System so as to increase their income to many fold and also helps in moving towards organic farming.

Intervention:

KVK imparted training on Integrated Farming System and its advantage in different IFS module namely Fish-Poultry, Fish-Duck, Fish- dairy, Fish- goat , Fish-Pig were designed and imparted knowledge through training to the farmers and rural youths. One day Smt. Huidrom Anita Devi aged about 32 years, Wife of Soibam Shantipur Singh of Tekcham Mayai Leikai happens to attend the one day training programme taken up by KVK Thoubal under IFS. Smt. Anita Devi owned 1.5 ha of land where she takes up fish farming. She is very much motivated by the technology and the advantage of IFS. She conducted a trial on Fish cum broiler farming in 0.5 ha of fish pond. She made the poultry shed above the pond and started rearing 150 birds/0.5 ha pond. She also rear 5000 fingerlings in the ratio of 30% surface feeder, 30% middle finger and 40% bottom feeder. Broiler faeces and left

over feed were dropped in the fish pond which were used as feed for the fish. KVK personnel attended her farm from time to time and gave suggestion about the technology to improve the farming system. Liming with quick lime was done in the fish pond at 300kg/ha in four splits to increase ph/ correction of acidity. She sold the birds at 49 days.

### Impact

She has earned a good income from both fish and bird. She sold the bird at Rs.120/kg and could earn an income of Rs.12,000.00 from one batch of broiler and from such 6 batches she could earn about Rs.72,000.00 From the fish per annum she could earn a profit of 60,000.00 in a year totaling to Rs.(72,000.00 + 60,000.00)1,32,000.00. Before from the fish alone she could get a profit of Rs.40,000. An increase about 20,000.00 could be achieved from this system. Now she is planning to extend remaining pond to Integrated Farming System. This technology is being spread to other farmers of the district





Success story

### SRI in fish farm

The status of First crop/pre kharif/spring rice in Manipur is alarming. It was once envisaged that two crops of rice the first crop (feb-march to june-july) and the main season crop (June-July to oct.- nov.) could increase the annual production of rice in Manipur to a great extent. But on the contrary, the area of first crop in Manipur is alarmingly decreasing due to many factors such as lack of adequate number of suitable varieties, sprouting of mature seeds in standing condition in the field, submergence of good paddy fields due to Loktak hydel project and conversion to fish ponds, lack of irrigation facilities due to failure of barrages and dams, more importantly lesser total yield of two subsequent crops compared to only one proper crop because of lack of proper land preparation of main crop due to lack of time, etc.

In such a situation, , in the fish ponds located in the periphery of the major lakes of Thoubal District hybrid rice PAC – 807 was introduced as a trial. This venture became a very successful one giving a yield of about 9 – 10 mt of paddy/ha. The technology was demonstrated and popularized through different media such as doordarshan, radio news papers, etc. Training programmes were conducted at different villages for farmers who participated with great enthusiasm.

The technology has been able to give an average gross return of Rs.96600 and an average net profit of Rs. 50600 annually. The B:C ratio is worked out as 2.1

The technology:

1. nursery raised about 12 days prior to fishing out/pumping out water from the pond
2. plot making
3. marking with roller marker at 25x25 cm
4. transplanting

5. cono weeding
6. intermittent irrigation

The advantages of this technology:

1. no ploughing – saves money
2. no fertilizer – as the pond bed is very fertile – saves money
3. rice and fish rotation possible –more income
4. pond dykes used for fruit and vegetable cultivation
5. animal component can be added

The technology has been adopted by farmers in Thoubal district(KVK district) but also to almost all the shallow lake areas of other districts of Manipur





## SRI in Fish Farm

**3.8 Give details of innovative methodology/technology developed and used for Transfer of Technology during the year**

**3.9 Give details of indigenous technology practiced by the farmers in the KVK operational area which can be considered for technology development (in detail with suitable photographs)**

S. No.	Crop / Enterprise	ITK Practiced	Purpose of ITK

**3.10 Indicate the specific training need analysis tools/methodology followed for**

- Identification of courses for farmers/farm women
- Rural Youth
- Extension personnel

### 3.11 Field activities

- i. Number of villages adopted
- ii. No. of farm families selected
- iii. No. of survey/PRA conducted

### 3.12. Activities of Soil and Water Testing Laboratory

Status of establishment of Lab :

- 1. Year of establishment :
- 2. List of equipments purchased with amount :

Sl. No	Name of the Equipment	Qty.	Cost
1			
2			
3			
Total			

### 3. Details of samples analyzed so far :

Details	No. of Samples	No. of Farmers	No. of Villages	Amount ( In Rupees) realized
Soil Samples				
Water Samples	12	12	12	-
Plant Samples				
Petiole Samples				

Total	12	12	12	
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### 3.13. Details of SMS/ Voice Calls sent on various priority areas

Message type	Crop		Livestock		Weather		Marketing		Awareness		Other Ent.		Total	
	No. of Message	No. of Beneficiary												
Text only	2	71	13	50									15	121
Voice only														
Voice and Text both														
Total														

### 3.14 Contingency planning for 2015-16

#### a. Crop based Contingency planning

Contingency (Drought/ Flood/ Cyclone/ Any other please specify)	Proposed Measure	Proposed Area (In ha.) to be covered	Number of beneficiaries proposed to be covered		
			General	SC/ST	Total
	Introduction of new variety or crop				
	Introduction of Resource Conservation Technologies				

	<b>Distribution of seeds and planting materials</b>				
	<b>Any other (Please specify)</b>				

#### a. Livestock based Contingency planning

Contingency (Drought/ Flood/ Cyclone/ Any other please specify)	Number of birds/ animals to be distributed	No. of programmes to be undertaken	No. of camps to be organized	Proposed number of animals/ birds to be covered through camps	Number of beneficiaries proposed to be covered		
					General	SC/ST	Total

## 4.0. IMPACT

### 4.1. Impact of KVK activities (Not to be restricted for reporting period only)

Name of specific technology/skill transferred	No. of participants	% of adoption	Change in income (Rs.)	
			Before (Rs./Unit)	After (Rs./Unit)
1. Seed production of rice through ICM & SRI	1200	30	35,000/- per ha (approx)	90,000/-

2.Hybrid rice	4000	60	35,000/-	45,000/-
3.Pre-kharif/ Spring rice	2000	50	32,000/-	40,000/-

**NB: Should be based on actual study, questionnaire/group discussion etc. with ex-participants.**

#### **4.2. Cases of large scale adoption**

1. Hybrid rice: The introduction of hybrid rice : PAC-801, PAC-807, Arise-^\$\$\$, Arise 6444 (gold) and Prima has enabled the farmers to increase their income. It is now spread to all the valley district of Manipur. The Department of Agriculture Manipur also distributed these hybrid seeds at free of cost to the farmers through RKVY scheme. Use of Hybrid seeds enabled farmers to adopt new technologies of rice cultivation and increase their income to the tune of Rs. 45,000 against 35,000 by using local HYVs

2. Zero tillage mustard cultivation has been adopted by the farmers since long time back using local mustard varieties with the introduction of new mustard and rapeseed varieties like M-27, TS-36, TS-38,NRCHB -101, Pusa boldetc. Farmers are now using these varieties in zero tillage cultivation during rabi season in rice fallows

3. With the introduction of new hybrids of pumpkin and watermelon by the KVK, several farmers adopted these crops in large scale in rice fallows during spring season getting extra income of Rs.3,20,000/ha with little investment from rice fields increasing the cropping intensity in rice areas

4. The introduction of Chemical castration of pig by the KVK encourage the farmers to take up chemical castration instead of open method of castration as it reduces the cost of castration and injury to the piglets

#### **4.3 Details of impact analysis of KVK activities carried out during the reporting period**

### **5.0. LINKAGES ESTABLISHED**

#### **5.1 Functional linkage with different organizations**

Name of organization	Nature of linkage
1.DRDA,IWMP Thoubal	Demonstration, Training, Resource person
2.NBFGR, Lucknow	Research
3.DCFR, Bhimtal	Demonstration
4.ATMA, Thoubal	Training

NB The nature of linkage should be indicated in terms of joint diagnostic survey, joint implementation, participation in meeting, contribution received for infrastructural development, conducting training programmes and demonstration or any other

## 5.2 List special programmes undertaken by the KVK, which have been financed by State Govt./Other Agencies during 2014-15

Name of the scheme	Activity/ programme	Year	Funding agency/ Sponsoring orgn.	Amount (Rs.)
Participatory programme on exploration and characterization of fish germplasm resources in North East, India	Exploration and characterization of fish germplasm resources and indigenous knowledge of the Chindwin drainage in Manipur	2013-16	NBFGR	2,30,0000/-

Demonstration	Culture of Osteobrama belangeri(Pengba) along with Chinese carps	2014	DCFR	3,53,370/-
Training and demonstration	Training & demonstration	2014	IWMP,DRDA,Thoubal	2,40,000/-

### 5.3 Details of linkage with ATMA

a) Is ATMA implemented in your district Yes/No

Sl. No.	Programme	Nature of linkage	Remarks
1			

### 5.4 Give details of programmes implemented under National Horticultural Mission

S. No.	Programme	Nature of linkage	Constraints if any





<b>Spices &amp; Plantation crops</b>									
i.									
ii.									
<b>Floriculture</b>									
i.									
ii.									
<b>Fruits</b>									
i.									
ii.									
<b>Vegetables</b>									
i.									
ii.									
<b>a. Others (specify)</b>									
i.									
ii.									

### 6.3 Performance of production Units (bio-agents / bio pesticides/ bio fertilizers etc.,)

Sl.	Name of the Product	Qty	Amount (Rs.)	Remarks
-----	---------------------	-----	--------------	---------




### 6.6. Utilization of hostel facilities (Month-Wise) during 2014-15

Accommodation available (No. of beds) :

Months	Title of the training course/Purpose of stay	Duration of Training	No. of trainees stayed	Trainee days (days stayed)	Reason for short fall (if any)
Total					
<b>Grand total</b>					

Note: (Duration of the training course X No. of trainees)=Trainee days

## 7. FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

### 7.1 Details of KVK Bank accounts

Bank account	Name of the bank	Location/ Branch	Account Number
With Host Institute	State Bank of India	Thoubal	11746667259
With KVK	State Bank of India	Thoubal	11746667259
Revolving Fund	State Bank of India	Thoubal	11746667260

### 7.2 Utilization of funds under FLD on Maize (Rs. In Lakhs) if applicable-Not received any fund for the year 2014-15

Item	Released by ICAR/ZPD		Expenditure		Unspent balance as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2015
	Year	Year	Year	Year	
Inputs					
Extension activities					
TA/DA/POL etc.					
<b>TOTAL</b>					

### 7.3 Utilization of KVK funds during the year 2014 -15 (Expenditure upto Feb. 2015 only)

S. No.	Particulars	Sanctioned (in Lakh)	Released (in Lakh)	Expenditure (in Lakh)
--------	-------------	----------------------	--------------------	-----------------------

<b>A. Recurring Contingencies</b>				
1	<b>Pay &amp; Allowances</b>	85.00	85.00	76.05
2	<b>Traveling allowances</b>	2.00	2.00	1.37
3	<b>Contingencies</b>	9.00	<b>9.00</b>	7.50
A	Stationery, telephone, postage and other expenditure on office running, publication of Newsletter and library maintenance (Purchase of News Paper & Magazines)			
B	POL, repair of vehicles, tractor and equipments			
C	Meals/refreshment for trainees			
D	Training material (posters, charts, demonstration material including chemicals etc. required for conducting the training)			
E	Frontline demonstration except oilseeds and pulses (minimum of 30 demonstration in a year)			
F	On farm testing (on need based, location specific and newly generated information in the major production systems of the area)			
G	Training of extension functionaries			
H	Maintenance of buildings			
I	Establishment of Soil, Plant & Water Testing Laboratory			
J	Library			
<b>TOTAL (A)</b>		<b>96.00</b>	<b>96.00</b>	<b>84.92</b>

<b>B. Non-Recurring Contingencies</b>			
1	<b>Works</b>		
2	<b>Equipments including SWTL &amp; Furniture</b>		
3	<b>Vehicle</b> (Four wheeler/Two wheeler, please specify)		
4	<b>Library</b> (Purchase of assets like books & journals)		
<b>TOTAL (B)</b>			
<b>C. REVOLVING FUND</b>			
<b>GRAND TOTAL (A+B+C)</b>		<b>96.00</b>	<b>96.00</b>
			<b>84.92</b>

#### 7.4 Status of Revolving Fund (Rs. in lakhs) for last three years

Year	Opening balance as on 1 <sup>st</sup> April	Income during the year	Expenditure during the year	Net balance in hand as on 1 <sup>st</sup> April of each year
April 2012 to March 2013	1,03,759	54,241	1,00,000	3,759
April 2013 to March 2014	3,759	1,63,391		1,69,150
April 2014 to March 2015*	1,69,150	58,990		1,88,140

\*figure shown under 2014-15 is for upto 28-02-2015

**Note: No KVK must leave this table blank**

**8.0 Please include information which has not been reflected above.**

**(Write in detail)**

**8.1 Constraints**

- (a) Administrative
- (b) Financial
- (c) Technical

**(Signature)**  
**Programme Coordinator**

### Minutes of the 10<sup>th</sup> SAC meeting held on 11<sup>th</sup> Dec 2014

The 10<sup>th</sup> SAC meeting of KVK Thoubal was held on 11<sup>th</sup> December 2014 in the conference hall of KVK thoubal to discuss the following agenda.

Agenda discuss

1. Confirmation of last meeting
2. Presentation of progress report
3. Presentation of action plan
4. Discussion
5. Miscellaneous

The following, members were present

- |                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| 1. O. Ibomcha Singh   | Rice Breeder                              |
| 2. Th. Gyaneshwar     | DAO                                       |
| 3. Th. Tomba          | EO (Agriculture)                          |
| 4. E. Sulochana Devi  | District fishery officer                  |
| 5. Dr. A. Helim Sheik | Joint Director / DVO                      |
| 6. Dr. A. K. Sinha    | Principal Scientist ZPD-III               |
| 7. Dr. N. Prakash     | Joint Director ICAR, Lamphel              |
| 8. S. Gunija Devi     | Director of Agriculture, Govt. Of Manipur |
| 9. Kh. Keuyalushor    | E.O. (Agri)                               |
| 10. M. Kumar          | Farmer representative                     |
| 11. M. Manglembi      | Farmer representative                     |
| 12. S. Memnaobi       | Farmer representative                     |

At the very onset Smt. S Gunija devi, Director Agri, Manipur, president of the meeting welcome all the members present. The president gave permission of the progress report and action plan and Shri S. Sumangal Singh SMS, PBG presented the same.

In the beginning the action taken report of the last SAC was presented during which Dr. A.K. Sinha suggested to present it in powerpoint. It was requested to excuse for the present and would be done next time.

In agronomic part for the crop arhar Dr. A. K. Sinha suggested to put the parameters observed supposed to earlier it was replied to put in the final report.

In case of horticultural crop onion Dr. N. Prakash said Bhim super was superior to Bhima Shakti. It was noted. Dr. A.K. Sinha further suggested to find out the problems of the existing varieties such as yield, pest, duration etc. Then go for solving the problems. It was also noted.

In plant protection Dr. N. Prakash suggested that in IPM degree of infestation of the field before and after the trial should be indicated which was noted.

Regarding home science, Dr. A.K. Sinha enquired whether OFT on solar cooker could be brought to the level of demonstration with care so that it should not be failed. It was confirmed that it could be taken up .

In animal science, Dr. N. Prakash enquired whether other varieties of broiler could be used. In response to this animal science SMS, Dr. Zeshmarani Sarangthem replied generally the farmers of Manipur used vancob varieties. Regarding vaccination schedule joint director Veterinary , Dr. A. Helim Sheik commented that only one time is required as broiler is to be consumed within seven weeks. In response to this SMS animal science replied that F1 vaccin should be given on day5 and booster at day 21. There should always be a booster dose she further reacted.

Regarding PBG, Dr. A.K. Sinha said that drought and flood are not a problem. The problem has been change to scarcity of late sown/contingent rice variety.

During discussion of FLD, in Agronomy- names of varieties of maize and rice was suggested to be indicated. It has been put as Tampha phou in rice and for maize as Deklals Hissel. Dr. A. K. Sinha and Dr. N. Prakash said that it should be present yearly and not half yearly. It was noted.

In case of the yield potential of the maize variety used even after refinement the yield potential cannot be increased then demonstration should not be taken up. Dr. Prakash suggested to go for QPM.

Regarding Horticulture it was suggested by Dr. N. Prakash to increase the number of farmers/demonstration. It should also be tried for all FLD's he further suggested.

In fisheries, Dr. N Prakash suggested that as the FLD is on production of seed, number of fingerling/ seedling should be worked out. In response, it has been worked out.

Regarding home science, Dr. N. Prakash suggested to form self help groups and go for cheap materials and not for difficult technologies.

While presenting on veterinary, it was suggested by Dr. N. Prakash to increase the number of training not to go for one day but to increase the number to 3-5 days. He further suggested to go for sponsored, extension personnel and vocational training. He further suggested to increase mobile service and improved the publication.

Dr. A.K. Sinha and Dr. N. Prakash enquired whether soil testing was taken up. He further said that as the Dept. Is in possession of mobile soil testing lab soil testing should be taken up.

After the presentation was over, queries were initiated from the house. Joint director, veterinary Thoubal enquired whether the FLD on duck is taken up, If so why only 10 ducks were given. In response SMS animal Science said, it was a trial and so only 10 nos. were given to them.

Smt. Manglembi , women farmers representative said Hopper is very serious problem and necessary action may kindly be taken up by the KVK in time.

Smt. Memnaobi requested to take up training and other activities in time.

Seed production in participatory mode should also be included in the report.



Seed production of barp



Seed production of carp



FLD on Maize  
production of barp



Door darsan programme on rice base cropping system



Seed production of Tampha phou



FLD on pulse



FLD on Arhar



FLD on Hybrid rice



FLD on Cauliflower

## Horticulture



OFT on onion var. Bhima Shakti



Farmers' training programme



FLD on Tomato



Field visit



OFT ON ENERGY SAVING TOOLS



EXTRACTION OF BANANA FIBRE



Anti rabies vaccination programmeFLD on pulse



Castration of goat vaccination programmeFLD on pulse



Field visit



Farmers training



Chemical castration



Home visit for treatment



Vaccination



Field visit



Training



Field visit



Rouging in rice seed production  
Chemical castration

Intercropping of pea and cabbasege



Garden pea with cabbage



After harvest of cabbage



OFT on RCM-13



FLD on onion



OFT on ladies finger



Training programme on Plant protection



Field visit



Training programme on Horticulture